1 OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINER 2 **CITY OF TACOMA** 3 4 THE CITY OF TACOMA through its POLICE DEPARTMENT, 5 Respondent, 6 v. 7 \$1,615 US CURRENCY; 2002 HONDA 8 ACCORD, LICENSE #CJM1677, VIN# 1HGCG567X2A166387, 9 VENUS SMITH, 10 Petitioner/Claimant. 11 12 **THIS MATTER** came on for hearing on February 11, 2025, before Jeff H. Capell, 13 Hearing Examiner, for the City of Tacoma, Washington.² Keith Echterling, Deputy City 14 Attorney, appeared at hearing for the City of Tacoma (the "City") and its Tacoma Police 15 Department ("TPD"). Tacoma Police Sgt. Kenneth P. Smith and Officer Kevin Hanley were 16 present as City/TPD witnesses. Claimant Venus Smith ("Claimant" or "Smith") appeared 17 pro se.3 18 At the hearing, testimony was taken and exhibits were admitted and reviewed. Based 19 20 21 proceed under those circumstances. criminal charges to be resolved first.

FILE NO. HEX.TPD.2023-015 (TPD NO. 23-16502072)

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW. AND ORDER OF FORFEITURE

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¹ The hearing was conducted remotely using Zoom teleconferencing with both internet and telephonic access at no cost to either party. Claimant Smith was only able to be present by telephone audio but stated she wanted to

² The hearing was held after multiple continuances for multiple reasons, among which was the desire for related

³ Participants from the hearing may be referred to on occasion hereafter by last name only for brevity and ease of reference. No disrespect is intended. City witness Smith will be referred to as "Sgt. Smith" while Claimant Venus Smith will be referred to as "Claimant Smith" or by her full name.

upon the evidence admitted, the Hearing Examiner makes the following:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Sgt. Kenneth P. Smith currently supervises TPD's Special Investigations Unit ("SIU" for short, also referred to during the hearing as the Special Investigations Division and SID). SIU primarily focuses on narcotics enforcement in the city of Tacoma. Sgt. Smith has worked in law enforcement since 1996 for several jurisdictions, but he has worked for the City of Tacoma/TPD since 2003. He has training in controlled substances recognition and testing, as well as significant actual experience in controlled substances enforcement. *Sgt. Smith Testimony*.
- 2. On June 14, 2023, Sgt. Smith was working surveillance in the vicinity of People's Park in the city of Tacoma. People's Park is located at a street address of 900 M.L.K. Jr. Way, Tacoma, WA 98405, and it is known as an "open-air" drug trafficking area in the city of Tacoma. The western edge of People's Park runs along South L Street between South 9th Street, to the north, and South 10th Street, to the south. *Id*.
- 3. Sgt. Smith was conducting his surveillance around 6:00 pm from an unmarked vehicle parked along South L Street between South 9th Street and South 10th Street. During that time, Sgt. Smith noticed a 2002 Honda Accord, Washington license number CJM1677 (the "Honda") parked in the 900 block of South L Street. Sgt. Smith observed the Claimant Venus Smith sitting in the driver's seat of the Honda as the sole occupant. *Id*.
- 4. Over the course of several minutes, Sgt. Smith observed four different people approach the Honda at the driver's side where the Claimant was seated, bend down, reach

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inside the Honda briefly, and then leave. One of these four people approached the Honda while the immediately prior person was still interacting with the Claimant and so they waited for the prior interaction to conclude and then approached and followed the same pattern of brief interaction with the Claimant in her Honda. *Id*.

- 5. After Sgt. Smith observed the aforementioned interactions, which he recognized from his training and experience as being typical of transactions in controlled substances, he called in TPD officers Hanley and Davis to arrest the Claimant who was still the sole occupant of the Honda. *Id*.
- 6. The Honda was impounded during the arrest. After it was impounded, Sgt. Smith obtained a warrant to search the Honda incident to the Claimant Smith's arrest. In the Honda, TPD found seven sandwich bags of the type used in controlled substances transactions. One of the bags had a white residue in it. TPD found a .5 gram rock-like substance that appeared to be crack cocaine which later tested positive for crack cocaine. *Id.; Hanley Testimony; Ex. R-8, Ex. R-9*.
- 7. A razor blade with white residue on it was found wedged into the center console of the Honda. Sgt. Smith recognized the blade as a type used in cutting pencil-eraser sized portions of crack cocaine for sale. He testified that a rock of this size sells for \$20 dollars on the street in Tacoma. *Id*.
- 8. There was a cell phone also on the center console which had white residue on its glass screen. Sgt. Smith testified that glass cell phone screens are often used as a makeshift cutting surface for transactions in controlled substances. TPD also found a digital scale of the

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type used in weighing out controlled substances for sale in the Honda's center console. Id.

- 9. TPD also found a purse/bag in the Honda with cash in it consisting mostly of unorganized twenty-dollar (\$20) bills. Another Gucci purse was found on the Honda's passenger seat again with unorganized bills in it. Sgt. Smith testified that the disorganized nature of the money in the two bags/purses indicated quick transactions having taken place. On cross examination from the Claimant, Sgt. Smith answered that none of the money found in the Honda consisted of "marked bills." He also testified, again on cross examination, that none of the transactions he surveilled with the Claimant were part of a controlled buy. *Sgt. Smith Testimony; Ex. R-10, Ex. R-11*.
- 10. On June 14, 2023, TPD Officer Hanley was assigned to assist surveillance operations in the area of People's Park in a marked TPD patrol car. Hanley was in uniform as a TPD officer. Hanley arrested Smith, based on Sgt. Smith's prior observations at around 6:30 pm. She was in the Honda at the time of the arrest. *Hanley Testimony*.
- 11. Hanley directly observed the small, white, rock-like object found on the driver's seat of the Honda below Smith's leg. Hanley then took Claimant Smith to jail, after securing the Honda. At the jail, Hanley performed a cursory search of Claimant Smith, but she was later searched "more in depth" by appropriate jail personnel. During that more in-depth search, 24.3 grams of what appeared to be methamphetamine and 18.7 grams of what appeared to be crack cocaine were found concealed on Claimant Smith's person (hereafter collectively the "Substances"). *Id*.
 - 12. Hanley took possession of the Substances from jail personnel after they were

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3. The seizing law enforcement agency has the burden of proof in forfeiture
proceedings under the UCSA (RCW 69.50) to establish, by a preponderance of the evidence,
that the property seized is subject to forfeiture under the provisions of the statute. RCW
69.50.505(5). Preponderance of the evidence means that the trier of fact is convinced that it is
more probable than not that the fact at issue is true. ⁴ The seizing agency "[m]ay meet its
burden through direct or circumstantial evidence." The preponderance of the evidence
standard is at the low end of the spectrum for burden-of-proof evidentiary standards in the U.S.
legal system. ⁶

- 4. The law requires that decisions from adjudicative tribunals rest upon evidence.⁷ Evidence is used to establish facts. "Proof of the fact[s] to be established may be by direct or circumstantial evidence." The hearing examiner weighs the evidence and makes credibility determinations where evidence conflicts.⁹
- 5. In this matter, TPD stated that it is relying on RCW 69.50.505(1)(d) and RCW 69.50.505(1)(g) as statutory authority for seeking forfeiture of the Honda Accord. RCW 69.50.505(1)(d) and RCW 69.50.505(1)(g) provide, in relevant part the following:
 - (1) The following are subject to seizure and forfeiture and no property right exists in them:...
 - (d) All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, which are used, or intended for use, in any manner to facilitate the sale,

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⁴ Spivey v. City of Bellevue, 187 Wn.2d 716, 733, 389 P.3d 504, 512 (2017); State v. Paul, 64 Wn. App. 801, 807, 828 P.2d 594 (1992).

⁵ Sam v. Okanogan County Sheriff's Office, 136 Wn. App. 220, 229, 148 P.3d 1086 (2006).

⁶ In re Custody of C.C.M., 149 Wn. App. 184, 202-203, 202 P.3d 971, 980 (2009); Mansour v. King County, 131 Wn. App. 255, 266, 128 P.3d 1241, 1246-1247 (2006).

⁷ Lamphiear v. Skagit Corp., 6 Wn. App. 350, 356-357, 493 P.2d 1018, 1022-1023 (1972).

⁸ Lamphiear, 6 Wn. App. at 356, citing Arnold v. Sanstol, 43 Wn.2d 94, 260 P.2d 327 (1953); see also GLEPCO, LLC v. Reinstra, 175 Wn. App. 545, 563, 307 P.3d 744, 752-753 (2013).

⁹ City of Sunnyside v. Gonzalez, 188 Wn.2d 600, 614~615, 398 P.3d 1078 (2017).

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delivery, or receipt of property described in (a) or (b)¹⁰ of this subsection, except that:

- (i) No conveyance used by any person as a common carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier is subject to forfeiture under this section unless it appears that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of this chapter or chapter **69.41** or **69.52** RCW;
- (ii) No conveyance is subject to forfeiture under this section by reason of any act or omission established by the owner thereof to have been committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent;
- (iii) No conveyance is subject to forfeiture under this section if used in the receipt of only an amount of cannabis for which possession constitutes a misdemeanor under RCW **69.50.4014**;
- (iv) A forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission; and
- (v) When the owner of a conveyance has been arrested under this chapter or chapter **69.41** or **69.52** RCW the conveyance in which the person is arrested may not be subject to forfeiture unless it is seized or process is issued for its seizure within ten days of the owner's arrest;

* * *

(g) All moneys, negotiable instruments, securities, or other tangible or intangible property of value furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in exchange for a controlled substance in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW, all tangible or intangible personal property, proceeds, or assets acquired in whole or in part with proceeds traceable to an exchange or series of exchanges in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW, and all moneys, negotiable instruments, and securities used or intended to be used to facilitate any violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW. A forfeiture of money, negotiable instruments, securities, or other tangible or intangible property encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if, at the time the security interest was created, the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission.

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¹⁰ Subsections (a) and (b) include "All controlled substances" and "All raw material" and etc. used in the controlled substances trade.

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No personal property may be forfeited under this subsection (1)(g), to the extent of the interest of an owner, by reason of any act or omission which that owner establishes was committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent;

- 6. The City's evidence did show by a preponderance that Claimant Smith used the Honda to deliver and sell methamphetamine and crack cocaine on June 14, 2023. The Honda was used to facilitate the delivery and sale of controlled substances (as tested positive)¹¹ under RCW 69.50.505(1)(d). The money used to purchase the Honda and the Honda's purchase itself is not at issue in this appeal. Nothing in applicable laws requires forfeitures of money or automobiles to be based on controlled buys or involve the use of marked bills.
- 7. The City's evidence showed further that the Honda Accord was used in violation of RCW 69.50.505(1)(d) in that the controlled Substances had been received into the Honda and were stored there or present there on Claimant Smith's person while unlawful transactions were conducted. The presence of the scale, baggies and razor in the Honda, together with the controlled Substances on the seat and on Claimant Smith's person, further prove that it is more likely than not that the Honda was used to facilitate the delivery and sale of the Substances.
- 8. The City's evidence also shows by a preponderance that the money seized was used both to facilitate transactions in controlled substances and also was furnished in exchange for controlled substances.¹²
- 9. The Examiner cannot conclude that the Substances were only for Claimant Smith's personal use given the evidence actual transactions here. 13

¹¹ Findings of Fact $1\sim5$ and 12.

¹² Findings of Fact $1 \sim 5$, 7, 9.

¹³ Findings of Fact 1~5, 13.

1 10. Any Finding of Fact more properly deemed or considered a Conclusion of Law is 2 hereby adopted as such. 3 Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Hearing 4 Examiner enters the following: 5 **ORDER OF FORFEITURE** 6 It is hereby ORDERED as follows: 7 1. Any claim of right, title, or ownership, or right to possession of the subject \$1,615 US Currency (One Thousand, Six Hundred and 8 Fifteen Dollars), seized by officers of the Tacoma Police Department on or about June 15, 2023, claimed or asserted by 9 Claimant Smith is hereby forfeited pursuant to the provisions of RCW Chapter 69.50, Uniform Controlled Substances Act, and, 10 specifically, RCW Chapter 69.50.505(1)(g) thereof; and 11 2. The City of Tacoma, Washington, is hereby entitled to ownership and the exclusive right to possession of the subject \$1,615 US 12 Currency (One Thousand, Six Hundred and Fifteen Dollars), just referenced, for uses and purposes consistent with RCW Chapter 13 69.50, Uniform Controlled Substances Act. 14 3. Any claim of right, title, or ownership, or right to possession of the subject 2002 Honda Accord License #CJM1677, VIN 15 #1HGCG567X2A166387, registered to Claimant Smith, seized by officers of the Tacoma Police Department on or about June 15, 16 2023, claimed or asserted by Claimant Smith is hereby forfeited pursuant to the provisions of RCW Chapter 69.50, Uniform 17 Controlled Substances Act, and, specifically, RCW Chapter 69.50.505(1)(d) thereof; and 18 4. The City of Tacoma, Washington, is hereby entitled to ownership 19 and the exclusive right to possession of the subject 2002 Honda Accord License #CJM1677, VIN #1HGCG567X2A166387, just 20 // 21 //

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1	referenced, for uses and purposes consistent with RCW Chapter
2	69.50, Uniform Controlled Substances Act.
3	SO ORDERED this 20th day of February, 2025.
4	(Red)
5	JEFF H. CAPELL, Hearing Examiner
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7	<u>NOTICE</u>
8	A petition for reconsideration of this Order may be filed, pursuant to Section 34.05.470 R Further, this Order may be appealed in accordance with Part V of Chapter 34.05 RCW, Administrative Procedures Act.
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