

CITY OF TACOMA
457 Deferred Compensation Plan
Statement of Investment Policies and Guidelines

Revised December 2021

INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

This statement is set forth to provide an outline of the investment policies, guidelines and objectives related to the administration of the City of Tacoma 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (hereinafter “Plan”). The City of Tacoma Deferred Compensation Plan Committee administers and provides oversight for the Plan. The Plan is a voluntary, salary deferral retirement plan available to eligible City of Tacoma employees. The Plan’s purpose is to provide a vehicle for and to encourage additional retirement savings in order to supplement the other retirement benefits provided to City employees.

This Investment Policy Statement is further intended to assist the fiduciaries of the Plan in making investment-related decisions in a prudent manner. It outlines the underlying philosophies and processes for the selection, monitoring and evaluation of the investment options and investment providers utilized by the Plan. This Investment Policy Statement will be reviewed at least annually and it can be revised at any time to reflect changes in the capital markets, plan participant objectives, or other factors relevant to the Plan.

The Plan Document for the Plan is the governing document and contains the specific Plan provisions and requirements for determining eligibility and operational processes for contributions and withdrawals. If any term or condition of this Investment Policy Statement conflicts with any term or condition in the Plan, the terms and conditions of the Plan as provided under the Plan Document shall control.

SUMMARY OF RESPONSIBILITIES

Plan Sponsor – The City of Tacoma is the Plan Sponsor. The Plan Sponsor’s responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- Adopting and amending the Plan Document;
- Approving Plan services contracts;
- Appointing the Committee members; and
- Designating other fiduciaries of the Plan.

Committee – The City of Tacoma Deferred Compensation Committee (hereinafter “Committee”) has responsibility for the operation and administration of the Plan in accordance with the terms of the Plan Document. It is the intent of the Committee to fulfill its fiduciary responsibilities with respect to the Plan solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries. The Committee members, as fiduciaries, are to perform their duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims.*

The Deferred Compensation Committee’s responsibilities also include but are not limited to the following:

- Selecting the investment design features of the Plan, including establishing the investment policy and objectives and the number and types of investment alternatives available to Plan participants;
- Appointing, monitoring and evaluating all investment providers and managers in accordance with guidelines and benchmarks established within this document and consistent with applicable laws;
- Selecting and monitoring other Plan service providers, including, but not limited to, the Plan record-keeper, trustee, investment consultants, accountants, and/or any other providers; and
- Monitoring Plan costs which are charged to Plan assets and/or paid by Plan participants, including but not limited to investment management fees, custodial fees and fees paid to other plan service providers from Plan and/or participant assets.

* The City provides for a separate provider option for members of the Local 31 (Fire Fighters) bargaining group. This option has different pricing than the “primary plan” and is only available to members of Local 31. The Fire Fighter Plan has a different stable value investment option than the “primary” plan, though the other investment options are similar.

Investment Consultant – The Committee may engage an independent investment consultant (hereinafter “Consultant”) to assist in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of this Investment Policy Statement. Such Consultant must be registered with either State or Federal securities regulators pursuant to the Investment Advisors Act of 1940. The Consultant’s role is to provide information various investment related issues. The Consultant has no discretionary control or authority over the Plan and its assets. In its role as an advisor to the Committee the Consultant acknowledges a fiduciary role with respect to the investment advice provided to the Committee. The services of the Consultant will be set forth in a separate agreement.

Investment Provider – An entity that offers investment option products and manages assets for the Plan. Examples of investment option products offered by an investment provider may include mutual funds, commingled trust funds, separate accounts and/or variable annuity contracts.

Investment Manager – The person(s) at the Investment Provider responsible for implementing an investment option’s investing strategy and managing its portfolio trading activities.

Services Provider – An entity engaged to assist the Plan Sponsor and the Committee in regard to the administration of the Plan. This assistance includes Plan enrollment, communication, education, including providing general investment information to Plan participants regarding the procedures for making investment choices under the Plan. Additionally, the Services Providers should provide general information regarding each of the investment options offered under the Plan, required disclosures, distribution processing, record keeping and other administrative functions as prescribed in an agreement entered into between the Plan Sponsor and the Services Provider.

GENERAL COMPLIANCE

The Plan is designed in accordance with the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (hereinafter “Code”), as amended. Though the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) does not apply directly to the Plan, the Committee nevertheless intends to structure the Plan to contain certain features of a “404(c) Plan” within the meaning of the Department of Labor regulations under Section 404(c) of ERISA. The Plan participants will be solely responsible for the investment decisions and investment transactions that they make under this Plan as well as for electing the timing and form of distributions according to the terms of the Plan.

In keeping with the statutory framework of the Department of Labor regulations under ERISA Section 404(c), the Committee aims, within its available resources, to provide Plan participants with the following opportunities to:

- A. Choose from a minimum of three diverse investment categories, each with materially different risk and return characteristics. At least one of the categories will provide for a high degree of safety and capital preservation;

- B. Make investment decisions at least quarterly; and
- C. Receive or have access to the following information, as updated and as made available by the Services Provider:
 - A description of the investment options available under the Plan including a general description of the investment objectives, risk and return characteristics, and type and diversification of assets comprising each alternative;
 - Identification of the designated investment providers and investment options;
 - A description of any transaction fees or expenses charged to the participant's account, and information on costs and fees for an investment option that reduce the rate of return to participants (expense ratios); and
 - Prospectuses, annual reports, and semi-annual reports on investment option, if available.

GENERAL INVESTMENT POLICY, OBJECTIVES AND STANDARDS

The Plan intends to foster an investment environment that encourages and facilitates participant efforts to supplement other sources of retirement income. Participants in the Plan are solely responsible for their own investment decisions and bear the risks and assume responsibility for the results of the investment options that they select. The Committee makes no representations, promises, or warranties regarding the suitability of Plan participation for any participant's individual investment or retirement needs. Additionally, the Committee makes no representations, promises or warranties about the performance of the Plan or the Plan's investment options.

The primary investment objective of the Plan is to present participants with a range of investment options, which give participants an opportunity to increase the value of their account in a manner consistent with varying levels of participant risk/reward tolerances and investment decision making skills. While the Plan cannot meet all plan participant investment preferences and attitudes, the Plan attempts to provide investment options for participants at various levels of investment sophistication and with varying requirements for risk and return.

Information that may be used to select which investment options to offer includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Age, income and other demographic data on Plan participants
- Liquidity and administrative constraints imposed on the Plan by investment and/or service providers
- Development of new investment products in the marketplace
- Level of participant usage of a particular investment category or option

A risk/reward structure is basic to investments. Generally, those vehicles offering the greatest return over time also carry the highest risk or volatility of return. The inherent conflict between volatility and long-range asset accumulation can be lessened through diversification among asset categories or classes. To provide participants the opportunity to select risk/reward strategies and to diversify the Plan assets, the Plan will offer a number of investment alternatives in varying asset categories. These categories will have varying return and volatility characteristics and it is the responsibility of each participant to evaluate the investment options and to select an appropriate mix.

In addition to providing a range of investment options, the Plan seeks to provide investment options that are competitive in terms of performance relative to appropriate investment performance and risk benchmarks. The performance and risk relationships of the Plan's investment options will be reviewed periodically. Investment options should generally be given a full market cycle to achieve stated objectives (market cycles normally occur over 3-5 year time periods). Investment options are expected to meet (in the case of passively managed/indexed options) or exceed their pre-determined benchmark index net of fees. Where peer groups are definable, actively managed investment options are expected to perform within the upper half of a sample of same style peers net of fees. In addition to net investment performance, the options' risk characteristics will also be reviewed. The risk associated with an investment option generally should be similar to the same-style peer group.

INVESTMENT OPTIONS

Investment options offered by the Plan will be categorized or grouped by similarities in investment objectives, style and risk. The Plan's services provider(s) and Consultant may be used to assist in determining the categories of investment options. The Plan will assist participants in meeting their long-term investment objectives by providing investment options within the following permitted investment categories (these categories are further explained later in this document):

A. Tier 1: Target Retirement Date Pre-Mixed Portfolios

B. Tier 2: Asset Category Core Options

- Fixed Stable Value/Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC)
- Total Return Bond
- U.S. Large-Size Company Equity
- U.S. Mid-Size Company Equity
- U.S. Small-Size Company Equity
- Global Equity
- International Equity
- Socially Responsible

C. Tier 3: Self-Directed Brokerage

Investment options and categories may be added or deleted as the Committee deems necessary. At least one investment option shall be available within each investment category.

The following table outlines the objectives and performance benchmarks for each of the Plan's investment options. The risk associated with an investment option will be compared to appropriate risk benchmarks or measures for a same-style group of peer investment options, where definable.

TIER 1: TARGET RETIREMENT DATE PRE-MIXED PORTFOLIOS

Lifecycle Premixed Portfolio - Retirement Income	
Provide an asset allocation that is designed to deliver income generation, capital gains, and liquidity for investors in retirement. The portfolio will be well diversified including U.S. fixed income securities as well as U.S. and international equities. Stocks generally will comprise not more than 30% of the total portfolio. The percentage of international equities generally will not exceed 50% of the equity portion of the fund.	
Benchmark Index:	Custom Blended Index
Peer Group:	US Retirement Income

Lifecycle Premixed Portfolio –2015	
Provide an asset allocation that is designed to deliver income generation, capital gains, and liquidity for investors whose expected retirement date matches the date provided in the portfolio’s name. Portfolios provide different allocations to stocks and bonds dependent upon the target retirement or withdrawal date that is selected. The portfolio will be well diversified including U.S. fixed income securities and U.S. and international equities. Stocks generally will comprise up to 40% of the total portfolio. The percentage of international equities generally will not exceed 50% of the equity portion of the fund.	
Benchmark Index:	Custom Blended Index
Peer Groups:	US Target Date 2015

Lifecycle Premixed Portfolio – 2020, 2025, 2030	
Provide an asset allocation that is designed to deliver income generation, capital gains, and liquidity for investors whose expected retirement date matches the date provided in the portfolio’s name. Portfolios provide different allocations to stocks and bonds dependent upon the target retirement or withdrawal date that is selected. The portfolio will be well diversified including U.S. fixed income securities, and U.S. and international equities. Stocks generally will comprise 40%-70% of the total portfolio. The percentage of international equities generally will not exceed 50% of the equity portion of the fund.	
Benchmark Index:	Custom Blended Index
Peer Groups:	US Target Date 2020, US Target Date 2025, US Target Date 2030

Lifecycle Premixed Portfolio – 2035, 2040, 2045, 2050, 2055, 2060, 2065	
Provide an asset allocation that is designed to deliver income generation, capital gains, and liquidity for investors whose expected retirement date matches the date provided in the portfolio’s name. Portfolios provide different allocations to stocks and bonds dependent upon the target retirement or withdrawal date that is selected. The portfolio will be well diversified including U.S. fixed income securities, and U.S. and international equities. Stocks generally will comprise 70%-95% of the total portfolio. The percentage of international equities generally will not exceed 50% of the equity portion of the fund.	
Benchmark Index:	Custom Blended Index
Peer Groups:	US Target Date 2035, US Target Date 2040, US Target Date 2045, US Target Date 2050, US Target Date 2050, US Target Date 2055, US Target Date 2060+

TIER 2: ASSET CATEGORY CORE OPTIONS

Fixed Stable Value/Guaranteed Investment Contract	
<p>Provide high current income relative to cash investments and a high degree of investment safety without fluctuation of principal. Investment returns are derived primarily from interest income. A Fixed or General Account option, which is a fixed rate contract that is backed by an insurance company's balance sheet, is to be of mid-investment-grade rating or higher, and backed by a diversified pool of underlying investments. A stable value option will be invested in guaranteed investment contracts (GICs), "synthetic" portfolios, money market instruments, and others, each mainly comprised of investments of short- to intermediate maturity, and which provide for an adequate degree of liquidity. The weighted-average maturity is expected to remain between two and five years at most times for a stable value fund but may run up to ten years for Fixed Account options with less immediate liquidity needs. The overall weighted credit-quality rating of the option shall be the equivalent of mid-investment-grade rating or higher. The rating must be obtained from at least one credit rating agency such as Moody, S&P or Duff & Phelps. If the option's weighted rating declines below this level, the option will be evaluated for corrective action</p>	
Benchmark Indexes:	5 year Constant Maturity (CM) US Treasury, 90-Day US Treasury Bill,
Peer Group:	Stable Value

Total Return Bond	
<p>Provide capital appreciation and income through a diversified, actively managed fixed income portfolio. The portfolio's duration is expected to be comparable to that of its Benchmark Index, with some bandwidth allowed for the manager to exercise strategic deviation from the Benchmark. Average credit quality is expected to be investment grade. The fixed income portfolio will normally be primarily comprised of investments including money market instruments, U.S. Government and Agency bonds, mortgage-backed securities, corporate bonds, and others. The manager will be given discretion to hold securities that are not contained within the Benchmark Index, which may include Foreign Bonds, High Yield Bonds, Convertibles, Treasury Inflation Protected Securities, derivatives, and others. The portfolio's aggregated composition and risk and return characteristics however are expected to be reflective of its asset class.</p>	
Benchmark Index:	Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
Peer Group:	US Intermediate-Term Core Bond, US Intermediate-Term Core-Plus Bond

U.S. Large Company Equity	
<p>Provide long-term capital appreciation through a diversified common stock portfolio with an average market capitalization that is expected to be greater than \$10 billion under most circumstances. Stocks of foreign companies that are traded in the U.S. may also be included, but are expected to constitute a minority portion of the portfolio.</p>	
Benchmark Indexes:	S&P 500 Index
Peer Groups:	US Large Blend

U.S. Mid-Size Company Equity	
Provide long-term capital appreciation through a diversified common stock portfolio with an average market capitalization that is expected to be between \$2 billion and \$10 billion under most circumstances. Stocks of foreign companies may also be included, but are expected to constitute a minority portion of the portfolio.	
Benchmark Indexes:	MSCI US MC 450/CRSP US MC Index, Russell MC Growth Index, Russell MC Value Index
Peer Groups:	US Mid Blend, US Mid Growth, US Mid Value

U.S. Small Company Equity	
Provide long-term capital appreciation through a diversified common stock portfolio with the average market capitalization that is expected to be between \$500 million and \$2 billion under most circumstances. Stocks of foreign companies may also be included, but are expected to constitute a minority portion of the portfolio.	
Benchmark Indexes:	MSCI US SC 1750/CRSP US SC Index, Russell 2000 Growth Index, Russell 2000 Value Index
Peer Groups:	US Small Blend, US Small Growth, US Small Value

Global Equity	
Provide long-term capital appreciation through a diversified actively managed portfolio of global equities. The fund normally invests in issuers from at least five different countries, including the United States.	
Benchmark Indexes:	MSCI AC World Index (Net)
Peer Groups:	US World Large Stock Blend

TIER 2: ASSET CATEGORY CORE OPTIONS (cont.)

International Equity	
Provide long-term capital appreciation through a diversified, actively managed portfolio of international equities. Stocks of emerging countries may be used at the discretion of the manager, but are expected to constitute a minority portion of the portfolio at most times.	
Benchmark Indexes:	MSCI AC World ex-USA (Net)/FTSE All-County World ex-US (net), MSCI AC World ex-USA Growth (net), MSCI AC World ex-USA Value (net)
Peer Groups:	US Foreign Blend, US Foreign Growth, US Foreign Value

Socially Responsible	
Provide long-term capital appreciation through a diversified, common stock portfolio of companies screened to meet selected “socially responsible” criteria. Stocks of foreign companies may be included, but are expected to constitute a minority portion of the portfolio.	

Benchmark Index:	S&P 500 (primary); Custom Index (secondary)*
Peer Group:	US Large Blend

*Socially Responsible investments are to be compared to a primary benchmark that represents the fund's broader peer group and investment style, and, if different, a secondary benchmark reflective of its ESG category.

TIER 3: SELF-DIRECTED BROKERAGE

Self-Directed Brokerage (SDB)	
For Plan participants who consider themselves to be knowledgeable about investment principles, the Plan may offer a brokerage account option. Such option may be provided through one or more broker-dealers, as defined and regulated by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Securities Exchange Committee or State Securities Departments. Assets held in an SDB will be maintained in the name of the Plan Trustee or custodian for the benefit of the participant who established the account. Permissible investments for an SDB may include registered mutual funds and other securities permitted under State law. Futures and options are not permitted. It is the SDB account holder's responsibility to adhere to these and any other restrictions placed on him or her by the Committee, broker-dealer or regulatory body. It is also the account holder's responsibility not to engage in transactions prohibited by statute or any regulatory entity. Investment options available through the SDB may contain additional risks and are not monitored by the Committee. The Committee may further restrict permissible investments available in the SDB. Each SDB account holder will be responsible for his or her own commissions, fees or loads applicable to individual securities or mutual fund transactions for the account.	
Benchmark Index:	Not Applicable
Peer Group:	Not Applicable

INVESTMENT OPTION SELECTION GUIDELINES

Investment options offered to participants will be provided through investment provider(s) accessible on the Services Provider's platform. Before introducing a new investment fund, the Committee, in consultation with the Consultant and Services Provider will define the niche to be filled and assess any prospective investment option's performance, quality, and risk characteristics. At a minimum, investment options under consideration should satisfy performance and risk considerations under actual, not modeled, conditions and over an appropriate time period. Investment option selection considerations may include, but are not limited to the following:

- The investment option should generally, but not necessarily, have a history that spans a full market cycle, normally three to five (3-5) years.
- The investment option should generally meet or exceed its predetermined benchmark index, net of fees.
- The investment option should generally perform at median or within the upper half of a recognized and defined sample of same-style peer funds.
- The investment option should be able to demonstrate a consistent performance track record attributable to a specific investment manager or team of managers.
- For Target Retirement Date Funds, the Committee shall consider the current and prospective composition of the Target Date funds (based on their glide path), and the corresponding risk and return implications relative to the benchmark and peer group constituents.

INVESTMENT OPTION REVIEW GUIDELINES AND MONITORING

Investment providers and investment managers are required to comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations. However, the Committee takes no responsibility for the failure of such option and/or investment manager to comply with any and all applicable laws, rules or regulations.

All options must have readily ascertainable market values and be easily marketable. It is recognized that

Stable Value/GIC funds often have liquidity restrictions. Investment options with sales loads, redemption fees, or other non-investment management related expenses will be avoided to the extent possible. Options with deferred sales charges and/or market value adjustments will not be permitted.

Each investment option portfolio shall be diversified adequately to reduce risk and comply with current regulations and applicable Washington state laws.

Investment option performance, risk and style consistency is intended to be evaluated on a quarterly basis. Performance and risk results will be evaluated using comparisons with this policy, pertinent market indices and against other same-style peers, where definable. When necessary, investment option performance and risk may be reviewed more frequently.

The Committee will periodically review the investment options' progress in meeting the Plan's investment objectives. Investment options will be expected to comply with all stated investment objectives, guidelines and applicable rules contained in the prospectus or fund fact sheet. The Committee will review the performance of investment options quarterly to determine if they are achieving the established objectives. Investment performance reviews may include, but are not limited to, a review of:

- Investment portfolios;
- Fees and expenses;
- Investment style, process and philosophy;
- Investment management personnel; and
- Index tracking error.

The performance review will also include measuring the options' investment performance relative to stated benchmarks or respective indexes and peer groups; as well as the monitoring risk measures. The following will be evaluated:

QUANTITATIVE MEASURES

Active Investment Strategies. Options employing active management are expected to outperform their stated asset class or style benchmark net of all management fees over a trailing five year time period; and to rank above the 50th percentile of the appropriate peer group for the same trailing five year time period. It is also expected that the risk of each option, as defined by standard deviation of returns, be commensurate with the prescribed strategy relative to the appropriate market index and/or peer group. Target Date funds will be evaluated relative to customized passive benchmarks, comprised of two or more market indices allocated in a manner reasonably consistent with the stated asset allocation of the fund. Each Target Date fund will be compared to a passive benchmark developed specifically for the fund. The fund should exhibit risk and return characteristics that are reasonably consistent with the passive benchmark. After expenses, the fund should not systematically underperform the passive benchmark, nor should its expenses exceed the category average.

Passive Investment Strategies. Passive Options are expected to track the performance of the index strategy that the option is designed to replicate, less management fees, with marginal tracking error. It is also expected that the risk of each passive option, as defined by standard deviation of returns, be commensurate with the appropriate market index.

It should also be noted that certain passive investment options operate in a marketplace that includes foreign

markets whose exchanges close prior to those of the United States. In these instances, some fund managers may engage in a method of “Fair Value Pricing,” whereby the managers adjust the pricing of securities in the Fund to reflect any information that has become available after the close of the applicable foreign exchange market. Discrepancies in performance between the applicable investment option and its performance benchmark that are due to “Fair Value Pricing” will be taken into consideration in evaluating performance of the affected investment options and generally will not be counted as underperformance.

QUALITATIVE MEASURES

The options will also be monitored on an ongoing basis for other material changes which the Committee may determine are of importance to the decision of whether or not to retain an investment option, such as personnel departures; organizational changes; or alterations in investment style, philosophy, or strategy; and adherence to stated guidelines.

Time Periods. The Committee acknowledges that fluctuating rates of return characterize the securities markets, particularly during short-term time-periods. Recognizing that short-term fluctuations may cause variations in an option’s performance, the Committee intends to employ investment options with long-term investment strategies and will evaluate option performance from a long-term perspective. Performance over market cycles of three to five years will be weighted more heavily than performance over shorter time periods, such as one year or less.

In addition to the qualitative and quantitative measures referenced above, the Committee will also review the investment options’ risk characteristics in relation to that performance. Risk will be measured in various ways including, but not limited to:

- Standard deviation
- Downside risk or semi-variance
- Risk/return ratios such as Sharp or Treynor Ratios
- Other statistical measures such as Beta, Alpha and Variance
- The current and prospective composition of the Target Date funds (based on their glide path), and the corresponding risk and return implications relative to the benchmark and peer group constituents.

INVESTMENT OPTION TERMINATION AND WATCH GUIDELINES

Generally, all investment options are expected to remain true to their stated investment objectives and to perform as well as or better than their prescribed performance benchmarks, net of fees. The Committee recognizes the long-term nature of retirement plan investing and the variability of market returns. Periodic underperformance in any of the criteria outlined in this Investment Policy will not necessitate the termination of an option; however, any underperformance will result in consideration by the Committee of the factors causing underperformance and possible courses of action that the Committee may take.

The Committee may, at any time, place any investment option that it views as having a pattern of underperformance on a watch-status. Reasons the Committee might place an option on a watch status, include but are not limited to, the following:

Quantitative Measures

Actively Managed Options

- Performance below the prescribed benchmark index over a trailing five year period, combined with
- Performance below the median of its peer group over a trailing five year period

Passively Managed Options

- Gross of fee and any fair value adjustment performance tracking error relative to the respective index that is greater than 15 basis points over a trailing five year period

Target Date funds will be evaluated based on the performance of the entire suite as held within the Plan. A Target Date suite will normally be viewed as being in violation of investment policy performance criteria if over one-half of the funds in a Target Date suite held within the Plan lag this Investment Policy Statement's prescribed performance measures. The Committee may elect to deviate from this approach if it appears reasonable to do so.

Qualitative Measures

- Management team or other significant personnel turnover;
- Changes in the product's investment philosophy, process, style or risk profile;
- Excessive or rapid asset growth or decline;
- Pending regulatory investigations or material legal proceedings;
- Changes to firm ownership;
- Significant increase in management fees or expense ratio.

An investment option may remain on watch status until the Committee decides to take further action. Committee actions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Removing the investment option from watch status; and
- Terminating the investment option and reallocating the assets to an alternate or replacement investment option by Committee direction.

To be removed from quantitative, performance related watch status, generally, performance for the preceding five year trailing periods should be above the benchmark index or median for at least two consecutive quarters. However, barring any breakdown in process, the Committee may decide to leave an option on watch for as long as they feel it is prudent to do so.

The Committee reserves the right to terminate investment option relationships at any time, for any reason when it determines such termination is in the best interests of the Plan and its participants and beneficiaries. Upon termination, further contributions or transfers to an investment option may be frozen, or the option may be replaced with or without transferring existing assets from the replaced option. Once the decision to terminate an option and remove it from the Plan is made, asset transfer and liquidation should be handled to the best advantage of the Plan, with due consideration given to the anticipated effect on affected participants and beneficiaries.

INVESTMENT OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY AND PROXY VOTING

The Committee shall have overall responsibility for the selection, monitoring and termination of all investment managers. Additionally, the Committee shall be responsible for reviewing and maintaining these investment policies and guidelines.

Proxy voting rights shall be exercised in the best interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the Plan. The Committee may delegate the responsibility for promptly voting all proxies and related actions in a manner consistent with the long term interest and objectives of the Plan. The Committee shall keep records of the voting of proxies and related actions and will comply with all applicable regulatory obligations.

On behalf of the City of Tacoma Deferred Compensation Plan this Investment Policy Statement is adopted by the Committee and effective on this date:

By: Jim Sant

Name: **Jim Sant**

Date: 12/2/2021

GLOSSARY

Annualized Return

Rate of return of the account smoothed as though the return occurred equally over twelve-month periods. When the specified time frame is for less than a year, the rate of return is projected as though the same performance continues to occur for a twelve-month period.

Benchmarks

A standard against which the performance of the portfolio can be measured, typically against a standard index, although a client manager may also set the benchmark.

Duration

The weighted maturity of a fixed-income investment's cash flows, used in the estimation of the price sensitivity of fixed-income securities for a given change in interest rates. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price (a bond's cash flows consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital). A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, where maturity and duration are equal.

Growth Style Investing

Growth investors purchase companies that have above-average earnings growth and/or above-average sales growth rates.

Investment Objectives

The overall financial objectives of an investor. For example, whether the investor requires income or capital appreciation. The investor's objectives govern the investment strategy.

Large Cap

Large Capitalization – refers to those companies with a market capitalization of greater than \$10 billion.

Liquidity

The ability to buy or sell an asset quickly and in large volume without substantially affecting the asset's price.

Market Capitalization

The dollar value of a public company based on the total number of shares of stock available multiplied by the price per share.

Mid Cap

Mid Capitalization – refers to those companies with a market capitalization between \$2 and \$10 billion.

Net of Fees

After subtraction of management fees.

Peer Group

Contemporaries of the same asset class that can be compared against one another to achieve a larger sense of how the particular portfolio is performing.

Portfolio

Refers to the complete list of securities held in an investment vehicle.

Small Cap

Small Capitalization – refers to those companies with a market capitalization between \$500 million and \$1.99 billion.

Standard Deviation

Measures the range of returns and is based on a Normal Curve. Managers with lower standard deviations than the index have historically had returns that tended to fall closer to their mean return compared to the index. Managers with higher standard deviations than the index have historically had returns that tended to be further dispersed around the mean than the index. This is another measure of volatility, but it doesn't distinguish downside performance from upside performance.

Value Style Investing

Value investors rely on an examination of the underlying or unrealized value of a company as the primary criterion for deciding whether or not to buy a company's stock. Value stocks are often priced lower than growth stocks due to slower growth expectations, recent financial difficulty, or a host of other reasons.